Bishop David Sheppard CE Primary School

Following Jesus, together we succeed

Year 4 Mathematics Objectives

Place Value

- Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000.
- Find 1000 more or less than a given number.
- Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers.
- Recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones).
- Order and compare numbers beyond 1000.
- Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations.
- Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000.
- Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers.
- Read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value.

Addition and Subtraction

- Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate.
- Estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation.
- Solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.

Fractions (including decimals)

- Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions.
- Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten.

Multiplication and Division

- Recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12.
- Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers.

• Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number. • Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator. • Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths. • Recognise and write decimal equivalents to ¼, ½ and ¾. • Find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths. • Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number. • Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places. • Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places.	• Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations. • Multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout. • Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law and harder multiplication problems such as which n objects are connected to m objects.
Geometry	**Measurement**
<u>Properties of Shape</u> • Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles**,** based on their properties and sizes. • Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size. • Identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations. • Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry. <u>Position and Direction</u> • Describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant. • Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down.	• Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre; hour to minute]. • Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres. • Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares. • Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence. • Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks. • Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days.

• Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon.	
Statistics	
• Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs. • Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.	